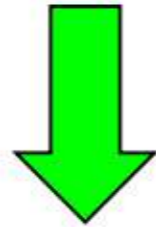


Introducing yourself

Bonjour- Hello (use when talking to your teacher)
 Salut- Hello (use when talking to family and friends)

Comment t'appelles-tu ?

Je m'appelle...

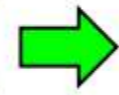


What is your name?

My name is...

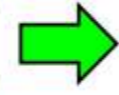
Numbers

Quel âge as-tu ?



How old are you?

J'ai ... ans



I am ... years old

1 un	2 deux	3 trois	4 quatre
5 cinq	6 six	7 sept	8 huit
9 neuf	10 dix	11 onze	12 douze
13 treize	14 quatorze	15 quinze	16 seize
17 dix-sept	18 dix-huit	19 dix-neuf	20 vingt

Unit Outcomes

By the end of this unit we will be able to:

- Use basic greetings in French, ask somebody how they are feeling and reply when asked.
- Ask somebody their name in French and reply when asked.
- Recall numbers 1-10 and count from 11-20.
- Ask somebody how old they are in French and reply when asked.
- Ask somebody where they live in French and reply when asked.
- Express our nationality in French.

Expressing feelings

Ça va ?



How are you?



Ça va bien.



Ça va mal.



Comme ci, comme ça.



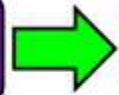
Ça va très bien.



Ça va très mal.

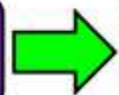
Telling someone where you live and your nationality.

Où habites-tu ?



Where do you live?

J'habite à... + city



I live in... + city

Je suis- I am
 Male responses






Female responses

Grammar

Adjectival agreement- Endings of adjectives change depending on what they are describing. When a female describes her nationality, the letter 'e' is added to the masculine form.

For example,



 français française anglais anglaise irlandais irlandaise gallois galloise écossais écossaise