	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Substantive Knowledge	Verbally counting to 20 Subitise up to 5 items	I can read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.	I can count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in 10s from any num- bers, forward and backward. I recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (10s and 1s). I read and write num- bers to at least 100 in numerals and words.	I can count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 and find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. I recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number. I can read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and words.	I can count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000. I can count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers. I recognise the place value of each digit in a 4-digit number. I can read Roman numerals to 100 and know that our number system changed over time to include the con- cept of 0 and place value	I can read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit I can count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000 I can read Roman nu- merals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman nu- merals.	I can read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit I can use the whole number system, in- cluding saying, reading and writing numbers accurately.
Disciplinary Knowledge		I can count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, be- ginning with any given number. I can count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s. I can identify and rep- resent numbers using concrete and pictorial representations including numberlines.	I can identify, repre- sent and estimate numbers using differ- ent representations, including numberlines. I can compare and or- der numbers from 0 to 100 and use < > and = signs. I use place value and number facts to solve problems. I can partition numbers in different ways.	I can compare and or- der numbers up to 1000. I can identify, repre- sent and estimate numbers using differ- ent representations. I can solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.	I can find 1000 more or less than a given num- ber. I can order and com- pare numbers beyond 1000. I can identify, repre- sent and estimate numbers using differ- ent representations. I can round any num- ber to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000. I can solve problems involving all of the above with increasingly large positive numbers.	I can interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with posi- tive and negative whole numbers, includ- ing through 0 I can round any num- ber up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000 I can solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above I can recognise and describe linear number sequences, including those involving frac- tions and decimals, and find the term-to- term rule in words.	I can round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy I can use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across 0 I can solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above I can solve problems which require answers to be rounded to spe- cific degrees of accu- racy.
Vocabulary		Equal to, more than, less than, fewer, most, least,	Greater than, less than, equals	Inverse, commutative, equals, addend, sum, difference		Prime numbers, prime factors, composite num- bers, square numbers, cube numbers, tenths, hundredths, thousandths, decimal	



	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Substantive Knowledge	Devise and record number stories using pictures and symbols	I can read, write and interpret number sen- tences using the + - = symbols. I can represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.	I can recall and use addition and subtrac- tion facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100. I can show that addi- tion can be done in any order (commutative) but that subtraction can not.	I can add and subtract mentally including: A three-digit number and 1s A three-digit number and 10s A three-digit number and 100s			I can use my knowl- edge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the 4 operations.
Disciplinary Knowledge		I can add and subtract one and two digit num- bers to 20, including 0. I can solve one-step problems using concrete and pictorial, including missing number problems such as $7 = ? - 9$.	I can solve addition and subtraction prob- lems using concrete objects and pictorial representations, in- cluding those involving numbers, quantities and measures. I can add and subtract using concrete objects and pictorial represen- tations to solve prob- lems with: Two- digit number and 1s Two- digit number and 10s 2 two- digit num- bers Adding 3 one-digit numbers I recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction to check my work and solve missing number prob- lems. I can record addition and subtraction in col- umns.	I can add and subtract numbers with up to 3 digits using column addition and subtraction. I can estimate the an- swer to a calculation and use inverse opera- tions to check. I can solve problems, including missing num- ber problems, using number facts, place value and more com- plex addition and subtraction.	I can add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of co- lumnar addition and subtraction where ap- propriate. I can estimate and use inverse operations to check answers. I can solve two step addition and subtrac- tion problems in con- texts, deciding which operations to use.	I can add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, in- cluding using formal written methods. I can add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large num- bers I can use rounding to check answers. I can solve addition and subtraction multi- step problems in con- texts, deciding which operations to use.	I can perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. I can solve addition and subtraction multi- step problems in con- texts, deciding which operations and meth- ods to use and why. I can use estimation to check answers to cal- culations and deter- mine, in the context of a problem, an appro- priate degree of accu- racy. I can use the formal written column meth- ods for addition and subtraction. I can undertake mental calculations with in- creasingly large num- bers and more com- plex calculations.
Vocabulary		add, altogether, total, take away, difference between	add, subtract, sum, differ- ence, odd, even	Product, inverse, estimate	Inverse, estimate	Rounding	estimation

	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
ge Substantive Knowledge	Distribute items fairly		I can recall and use multiplication and divi- sion facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even num- bers. I can use the x ÷ and = symbols to write and solve mathematical statements. I can show that multi- plication of 2 numbers can be done in any order (commutative) but that division can not.	I can recall and use multiplication and divi- sion facts for the 3, 4 and 8 times tables.	I can recall multiplica- tion and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12. I can multiply by 0 and 1. I can divide by 1 I can recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in men- tal calculations.	I can recall prime num- bers up to 19.	
Vocabulary Disciplinary Knowledg		I can solve one-step problems involving multiplication and divi- sion, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial repre- sentations and arrays with the support of the teacher I can make connec- tions between arrays, number patterns, and counting in 2s, 5s and 10s.	I can solve problems involving multiplication and division using ma- terials, arrays, re- peated addition, men- tal methods and multi- plication and division facts. I can connect the 10 times tables to place value and the 5 times tables to the divisions on a clock face.	I can write and calcu- late mathematical statements for times tables I know, including for two-digit times one- digit numbers, using mental and progress- ing to formal written methods I can solve problems, including missing num- ber problems, involv- ing multiplication and division. I can make connec- tions between the 2, 4 and 8 times tables us- ing doubling. I can develop mental methods using com- mutativity and as- sociativity to derive related facts (I know so) I have developed for- mal written methods of short multiplication and division. I can solve problems in contexts, deciding whether to use addi- tion, subtraction, multi- plication and why, in- cluding correspon- dence problems.	I can use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, I can multiply 3 single digit numbers together. I can multiply 2 digit and 3 digit numbers by a 1 digit number using a formal written layout. I can solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply 2 digit numbers by 1 digit. I am becoming fluent in the formal written methods of short multi- plication and division. I can write statements about the equality of expressions using dis- tributive and asso- ciative law. I can solve two step problems in contexts, choosing the appropri- ate operation to use.	I can identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and com- mon factors of 2 num- bers I can establish whether a number up to 100 is prime. I can multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two- digit numbers. I can multiply and di- vide numbers mentally. I can divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one- digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. I can multiply and di- vide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000. I can recognise and use square numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³). I can solve problems that have a combination of all four operations and understanding the meaning of the equals sign.	I can multiply multi- digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multi- plication. I can divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two- digit whole number using the formal writ- ten method of long division. I can interpret remain- ders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as ap- propriate for the con- text. I can divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two- digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate. I can identify common factors, common multi- ples and prime num- bers. I can solve problems involving addition, sub- traction, multiplication and division. I can use written divi- sion methods in cases where the answer has up to 2dp.
		Array, patterns	Odd, even, commuta- tive	Multiple, inverse, commutativity, sum, difference	product, factor	Squared, cubed, deci- mals, prime	Remainders, prime numbers



	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
sciplinary Knowledge Substantive Knowledge		I can recognise, find and name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. I can recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. I can make connections between halves and quar- ters and the equal shar- ing and grouping of sets of objects as well as measures. I recognise halves and quarters as parts of a whole.	I can recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of ob- jects or quantity. I can count in fractions up to 10, starting from any number and using the 1/2 and 2/4 equivalence on the numberline.	I can count up and down in tenths, recognising that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one- digit numbers by 10. I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole. I can compare and order unit fractions, and frac- tions with the same de- nominators. I can solve problems in- volving the above. I can connect tenths to place value and decimal measures. I am beginning to under- stand unit and non-unit fractions as numbers on the number line.	I can count up and down in hundredths, recognis- ing that hundredths arise when dividing an object by 100 and dividing tenths by 10. I can recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. I can recognise and write decimal equivalents to quarter, half and three quarters.	I can read and write deci- mal numbers as fractions. I can read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places. I can recognise the % symbol and understand that it relates to 'number of parts per 100' I can write percentages as a fraction with denomi- nator 100, and as a deci- mal.	
Vocabulary Disc			I can write simple frac- tions, for example ½ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2. I can connect unit frac- tions to equal sharing and grouping, to numbers where they can be calcu- lated, and to measures.	I can recognise, find and write fractions of a dis- crete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small de- nominators. I can recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators.	I can recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. I can solve problems in- volving increasingly harder fractions to calcu- late quantities, and frac- tions to divide quantities, including non-unit frac- tions where the answer is a whole number. I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. I can find the effect of dividing one or two digit numbers by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths or hun- dredths. I can round decimals with 1dp to the nearest whole number. I can compare numbers with the same number of dp up to 2dp. I can use a numberline to connect fractions, num- bers and measures.	I can compare and order fractions whose denomi- nators are all multiples of the same number I can identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, repre- sented visually, including tenths and hundredths. I can recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other. I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and de- nominators that are multi- ples of the same number. I can multiply proper frac- tions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, sup- ported by materials and diagrams I can recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hun- dredths and decimal equivalents. I can solve problems in- volving number up to 3dp. I can solve problems us- ing % and decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denomi- nator of a multiple of 10 or 25.	I can use common factors and multiples to simplify fractions and express fractions in the same denomination. I can compare and order fractions, including frac- tions >1. I can add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers. I can multiply simple pairs of proper fractions. I can write a fraction an- swer in its simplest form. I can divide proper frac- tions by whole numbers. I can associate a fraction with division and calcu- late decimal fraction equivalents. I can identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3dp. I can recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages.
		half, quarter, double	Equivalent, half, double , thirds	tenths, numerator, de- nominator, unit, non-unit,	equivalent, tenth, hun- dredth, numerator, de- nominator, decimals	decimal, equivalent, nu- merator, denominator, mixed number, improper fraction, percentage,	Lenth, hundredth, thou- sandth, factors, multiples, prime, square, compos- ite, equivalent, percent- age, improper fractions, mixed numbers, numera- tor, denominator



	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Substantive Knowledge		I recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	I can recognise and use symbols for £ and p I know the number of minutes in an hour and hours in a day.	I can use time vocabu- lary I know the number of seconds in a minute and days in each month, year and leap year.	I can read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks.		I can recognise that shapes with the same areas can have differ- ent perimeters and vice versa.
Vocabulary Disciplinary Knowledge		I can sequence events in chronological order using chronology vo- cabulary I can tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. I am beginning to use measuring tools such as a ruler, weighing scales and containers. I can compare, de- scribe and solve practi- cal problems for, and begin to measure: lengths/ heights mass/ weight capacity/ volume Time	I can choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure to the nearest appropriate unit: length/height (m/ cm) mass (g/kg) temperature (°C) capacity (I/mI) I can use rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring ves- sels. I can compare and or- der measurements and record using <> = I can combine amounts of money to make a particular value. I can find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. I can solve problems involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, in- cluding giving change. I can tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/ to the hour and draw hands on a clock to show these times.	I can measure, com- pare, add and subtract lengths, mass and vol- ume/capacity. I can measure the pe- rimeter of simple 2D shapes. I can add and subtract money to give change, using £ and p in practi- cal contexts. I can tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals up to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. I can estimate and read time to the near- est minute. I can read and com- pare time in terms of second, minutes and hours. I can compare dura- tions of events. I can compare and use mixed units e.g. 1kg and 200g and simple equivalents of mixed units. I can compare meas- ures using scaling and connect this to multipli- cation.	I can convert between different units of meas- ure. I can measure and cal- culate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure in cm and m. I can find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares. I can estimate, com- pare and calculate dif- ferent measures, in- cluding money in pounds and pence. I can solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days. I can relate area to arrays and multiplica- tion. I can connect estima- tion and rounding to the use of measuring instruments I can solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to 2dp.	I can convert between different units of metric measure. I can understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and com- mon imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. I can measure and cal- culate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m. I can calculate and compare the area of rectangles and esti- mate the area of ir- regular shapes. I can estimate volume and capacity. I can solve problems involving converting between units of time. I can use all four op- erations to solve meas- urement problems us- ing decimal notation, including scaling.	I can solve problems involving the calcula- tion and conversion of units of measure, us- ing decimal notation up to 3dp. I can use, read, write and convert between standard units. I can convert between miles and kilometers. I can recognise when it is possible to use for- mulae for area and volume of shapes. I can calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. I can calculate, esti- mate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units. I can connect conver- sion to a graphical rep- resentation.
		long, short, tall, heavy, light, full, empty, quicker, slower, earlier, later, before, after, next, first, today, yes- terday, tomorrow, morning, afternoop	centimetre, metre, grams, kilograms	o'clock, am/pm, morn- ing, afternoon, noon, midnight	perimeter, area, ana- logue, digital	Perimeter, area, met- ric, imperial , estimate, volume, capacity	metric, imperial, pe- rimeter, area, miles, kilometres, volume,

	evening, days of the			
	year,			



	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
cabulary Disciplinary Knowledge Substantive Knowledge	See and explore different shapes in different orien- tations	I can recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes including: 2D shapes – rectan- gles, including squares, circles and triangles. 3D shapes – cu- boids, including cubes, pyramids and spheres. I recognise common shapes in different orientations and sizes and know that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and pyramids are not always similar to each other (familiar with non-regular versions). I can describe positions, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. I can use positional language e.g. left, right, up, down I can make turns in both directions and connect turning clockwise with movement on a clock face.	I can identify and de- scribe the properties of 2D shapes including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. I can identify and de- scribe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces. I can identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes. I can name 2D and 3D shapes including: quadrilaterials, polygons, cuboids, prisms and cones. I can draw lines and shapes using a straight edge. I can use vocabulary to describe position, direc- tion and movement in- cluding movement in a straight line. I can distinguish between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three- quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise).	I can recognise 3D shapes in different orien- tations and describe them. I can recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. I can identify right angles and that 2 right angles make a half turn, 3 make three-quarters of a turn and 4 complete a turn. I can identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. I can identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. I can identify symmetrical and non-symmetrical polygons	I can compare and clas- sify geometric shapes including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. I can identify acute and obtuse angles and com- pare and order angles up to 2 right angles by size. I can identify lines of sym- metry in 2D shapes pre- sented in different orien- tations and where the line of symmetry does not dissect the original shape. I can name different trian- gles including isosceles, equilateral and scalene triangles. I can name different quadrilaterals including parallelogram, rhombus and trapezium. I can compare lengths and angles to decide if a polygon is regular or ir- regular. I can describe positions on a 2D grid as coordi- nates in the first quad- rant. I can describe move- ments between positions as translations of a given unit to the leff/right	I can identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D repre- sentations. I know that angles are measured in degrees and can estimate and com- pare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. I can identify: Angles at a point and 1 whole turn Angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn. Other multiples of 90 de- grees. I can distinguish between regular and irregular poly- gons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. I can use conventional markings for parallel lines and right angles. I can identify, describe and represent the posi- tion of a shape following a reflection or translation. I know that after reflection or translation the shape has not changed.	I can compare and clas- sify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find un- known angles in any tri- angles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons. I can illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and cir- cumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. I can recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically op- posite I can describe positions on the full coordinate grid.
		rectangle, square, circle, triangle, cuboid, cube, pyramid, sphere, left, right, top, middle, bottom,	I can compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday objects I can order and arrange combinations of mathe- matical objects in pat- terns and sequences.	I can draw 2D shapes and make 3D shapes using modeling materials. I can connect decimals and rounding to draw- ing and measuring straight lines in centime- tres	I can complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. I can plot specified points and draw sides to com- plete a given polygon. I can draw pairs of axes with equal scales and integer labels.	I can draw given angles and measure them in degrees. I can use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and an- gles. I can draw lines with a ruler to the nearest milli- meter and can measure with a protractor.	I can draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles. I can recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets. I can find missing angles. I can draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. I can draw and label rec- tangles (including squares), parallelograms and rhombuses, specified by coordinates in the four quadrants, predicting missing coordinates us- ing the properties of parallelogram, isosceles, scalene, equilateral, rhombus, volume, quadri- lateral, radius, diameter, eiraumference
		petween, around, near, close, far, up, down, for- wards, backwards, inside, outside.			equilateral, scalene, par- allelogram, rhombus, trapezium	tion, translation	circumterence, acute, obtuse, reflex angles, translate, reflect



	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Substantive Knowledge		I am beginning to interpret and construct tally charts.	I can interpret and con- struct simple picto- grams, tally charts, block diagrams and tables.	I can interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.			
Disciplinary Knowledge			I can ask and answer questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. I can ask and answer questions about total- ing and comparing categorical data. I can record, interpret, collate, organise and compare information. I can interpret picto- grams with many-to- one correspondence with simple ratios 2, 5 or 10.	I can solve one and two step problems using information presented in scaled bar charts, pictograms and tables. I understand and use simple scales in picto- grams and bar charts.	I can interpret and pre- sent discrete and con- tinuous data using ap- propriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. I can solve compari- son, sum and differ- ence problems using information presented in bar charts, picto- grams, tables and other graphs. I can understand and use a greater range of scales in my represen- tations.	I can solve compari- son, sum and differ- ence problems using information on a line graph. I can complete, read and interpret informa- tion in tables, including timetables. I can decide which rep- resentations of data are most appropriate and why.	I can interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. I can calculate and interpret the mean as an average. I can connect my understanding of angles, fraction and percentages to the interpretation of pie charts.
Vocabulary		Tally	Ratio, pictogram, tally, block diagram, table	Bar charts, pictograms, tables, scale	Bar charts, pictograms, tables, graphs, scales	Sum, difference, data, representation, inter- pret	mean, average, inter- pret, construct

	EYFS	1	2	3	4	5	6
Substantive Knowledge							
Disciplinary Knowledge				I can solve scaling and correspondence prob- lems. I can compare meas- ures using scaling and connect this to multipli- cation.	I can solve integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems.	I can solve problems involving scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.	I can solve problems involving the relative sizes of 2 quantities where missing values can be found using integer multiplication and division. I can solve problems involving calculating % and the use of % for comparison. I can solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
Vocabulary							or can be found. I can solve problems involving unequal shar- ing and grouping. I can use simple for- mulae. I can generate and describe linear number sequences. I can express missing number problems alge- braically. I can find pairs of num- bers that satisfy an equation with 2 un- knowns.
							I can enumerate possi- bilities of combinations of 2 variables.