

Key Vocabulary

- Pulse** - Pulse is a steady beat - the heartbeat of the music.
- Notation** - Written symbols to represent music.
- Diaphragm** - A dome shaped muscle beneath our lungs, which we use to control our breath when singing.
- Melody** - Notes of different pitches played in a sequence in order to create a tune.

Motif - a rhythm or melody that repeats often within a piece of music

Composer - someone who creates and writes music containing instruments.

- Phrase** - A short musical passage that makes sense on its own.
- Rhythm** - The pattern of long and short notes in music.
- 3/4 time** - Commonly called 'waltz time' and only has 3 beats per bar.
- 4/4 time** - Known as 'common time' and has 4 beats per bar.

Theme - the main music phrase line that is used in a piece of music.

Variation - when something is slight changed, altered or adapted from the original.

Musical Style: Theme and Variations

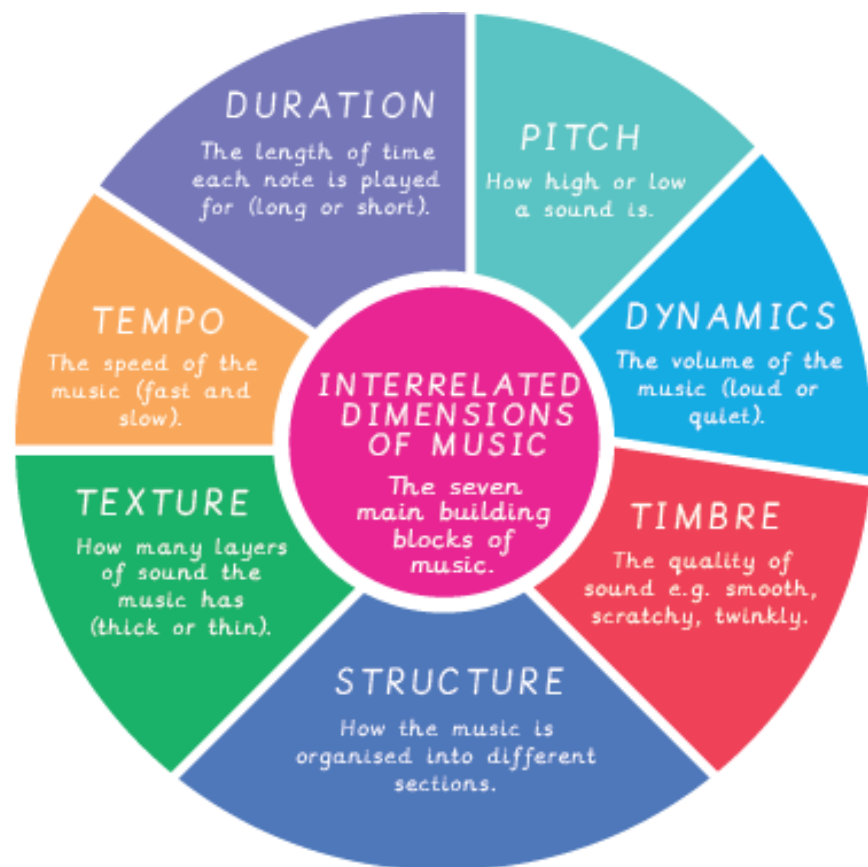
Theme and variations is a common musical structure, especially in classical music. The structure features a theme at the start of the piece, then once the theme has been played, the composer repeats it but with some form of variation. The theme is then played again but this time with a further variation.

Pop Art

An art movement from the 1950s where artists focused on common objects (comic books, tins of soup, teacups) and showed them in bold, bright colours.



Musical Elements



Notation and Music

Kodaly Rhythms

TA = Crotchet Ti-Ti = Quaver SH = Crotchet rest TWO = Minim

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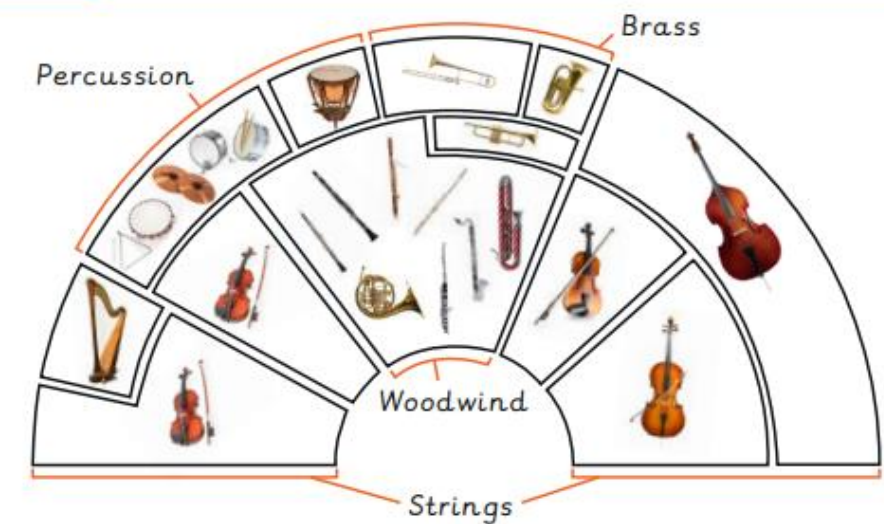
Benjamin Britten

"A young persons guide to the orchestra." (1945)
 Benjamin Britten is an English composer, conductor, and pianist. He was a central figure of 20th-century British music, with a range of works including opera, other vocal music, orchestral and chamber pieces.



Orchestra

Orchestra - A group of instruments that play together.



- Strings** - Instruments that are played by plucking or bowing strings.
- Woodwind** - Instruments that make sound by blowing air through a reed or small mouthpiece.
- Brass** - Instruments that are made of metal and the sound is made by blowing air through a cup-shaped mouthpiece.
- Percussion** - Instruments that are played by striking, beating or shaking the instrument.

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